National Transportation Safety Board Washington, DC 20594

Brief of Accident

Adopted 11/09/1992

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File No. 1121	01/29/1990	SCHUYLER FALLS, NY	Aircraft Reg No.	N854FE	Tin	ne (Local): 20:33 EST
Engine Make/Mo Aircraft Dama Number of Engir Operating Certificate Name of Cari	(s): On-demand Air Taxi rier: E.W. WIGGINS AIRV ion: Non-scheduled; Dom	estic; Cargo	Crew Pass	Fatal 1 0	Serious 0 0	Minor/None 0 0
Destinat	oint: PLATTSBURGH , I ion: SYRACUSE , NY nity: Off Airport/Airstrip		Condition of Light: Night/Dark Weather Info Src: Weather Observation Facility Basic Weather: Instrument Conditions Lowest Ceiling: 300 Ft. AGL, Obscured Visibility: .00 SM Wind Dir/Speed: 090 / 007 Kts Temperature (°C): -2 Obstr to Vision: Fog Precipitation: Snow			
Certificate(s)/Rating(s) Commercial; Multi-engine Land	ge: 46 I; Single-engine Land			Total Las	me (Hours) All Aircraft: 4 st 90 Days: 1	25
Instrument Ratings Airplane			Т		ake/Model: 14 ment Time: 4	· · ·

THE CESSNA 208B MADE A TAKEOFF WITH LIGHT WET SNOW FALLING, AT NIGHT. THE AIRPLANE REACHED AN ALTITUDE OF 700 FT AGL PRIOR TO MAKING A STEEP DESCENT, STRIKING TREES AND IMPACTING INVERTED. RADAR DATA SHOWED THE AIRCRAFT LIFT OFF POINT AND INITIAL CLIMB RATE APPROACHED THAT SHOWN IN THE FLIGHT MANUAL FOR SHORT FIELD TECHNIQUE. TWO OTHER CESSNA 208'S PRECEDED THE ACCIDENT AIRCRAFT FROM THE SAME AIRPORT, ONE 13 MINUTES PRIOR AND THE OTHER 3 MINUTES PRIOR. RADAR DATA SHOWED THEY CLIMBED AT A SLOWER RATE. THE ACCIDENT AIRPLANE HAD COME FROM A HANGAR AND WAS NOT DEICED PRIOR TO DEPARTURE. A PILOT FLYING A IDENTICAL AIRPLANE WITH A SIMILAR LOAD COMMENTED THAT HIS CLIMB RATE WAS LOWER THAN NORMAL. ANOTHER PILOT COMMENTED THAT THIS WAS THE FIRST WET SNOW OF THE YEAR AND IT WAS STICKING TO HIS ENGINE COWLING.

Brief of Accident (Continued)

NYC90FA060

File No. 1121 01/29/1990 SCHUYLER FALLS, NY Aircraft Reg No. N854FE Time (Local): 20:33 EST

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF CONTROL - IN FLIGHT Phase of Operation: TAKEOFF - INITIAL CLIMB

Findings

1. WEATHER CONDITION - SNOW

- 2. (F) WEATHER EVALUATION POOR PILOT IN COMMAND
- 3. WEATHER CONDITION FOG
- 4. (F) ICE/FROST REMOVAL FROM AIRCRAFT NOT PERFORMED PILOT IN COMMAND
- 5. LIGHT CONDITION DARK NIGHT
- 6. (C) AIRSPEED NOT MAINTAINED PILOT IN COMMAND
- 7. WING, SKIN CONTAMINATION
- 8. (C) STALL INADVERTENT PILOT IN COMMAND

Occurrence #2: IN FLIGHT COLLISION WITH OBJECT

Phase of Operation: DESCENT - UNCONTROLLED

Findings

9. OBJECT - TREE(S)

Findings Legend: (C) = Cause, (F) = Factor

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident as follows.

LOSS OF CONTROL INFLIGHT AFTER THE AIRPLANE STALLED DURING CLIMBOUT. THE STALL RESULTED FROM A LOSS OF LIFT DUE TO A CONTAMINATED WING SURFACE. CONTRIBUTING TO THE ACCIDENT WAS THE FAILURE OF THE PILOT TO DE-ICE THE AIRCRAFT PRIOR TO DEPARTURE.